ATTENDING PHYSICIAN'S STATEMENT OF TERMINAL CONDITION OR CONTINUOUS CONFINEMENT

ReliaStar Life Insurance Company, Minneapolis, M. ReliaStar Life Insurance Company of New York, W. Members of the Voya® family of companies (the "Company") Voya Life Claims: PO Box 1548, Minneapolis, MN 554 Voya Life Claims Overnight Mailing Address: 20 Wash	oodbury, NY 40; Toll-Free: 888-238-4840		FINANCIAL
The Employee/Insured must complete Sections 1 and 2. Be sure to one of the above addresses. The patient is responsible for the above addresses.	e to have the attending physician o	complete Sections 3-5. This com	pleted form must be sen
SECTION 1. GROUP INFORMATION (This inform	nation is mandatory and car	า be obtained from the Em;	oloyer.)
Group Name	Group Policy Number		
Patient Name (First, Middle Initial, Last) Patient Birth Date	Patient Phone ()	
Employee Name (if different than Patient Name; First, Middle In	•		
Address	City	State	ZIP
When did symptoms first appear or accident happen? (month, or Date patient ceased work because of terminal condition or continuous Diagnosis	finement in an institution (month, a	day, year)	
1. Is condition terminal?			Yes N
2. Does the patient have a medical condition that is reasonably remain there for the rest of his or her life? Institution means are institution devoted to the care of sick, infirm, or aged personates.	ny hospital, convalescent hospital, l	health clinic, nursing home, exter	nded care facility, or othe
Is the patient competent to endorse checks and direct the use of	of the proceeds thereof?		🗌 Yes 🔲 N
Is the condition the result of an intentionally self-inflicted injury?	?		Yes N
Functional Capacity: Class 1 (no limitation) Class 2 (s Blood Pressure	light limitation) Class 3 (mark	ced limitation) Class 4 (com	plete limitation)
SECTION 4. REMARKS			

FRAUD WARNINGS

Alabama, Alaska, Arkansas, Delaware, Idaho, Indiana, Louisiana, Maine, Minnesota, Ohio, Oklahoma, Rhode Island, Tennessee, Texas, Washington, West Virginia: Any person who, knowingly with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files a statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and may subject such person to criminal and civil penalties, and denial of insurance benefits.

Arizona: For your protection Arizona Law requires the following statement to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

California: For your protection, California law requires the following to appear on this form. Any person who knowingly presents false or fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in state prison.

Colorado: It is unlawful to knowingly provide false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to an insurance company for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the company. Penalties may include imprisonment, fines, denial of insurance, and civil damages. Any insurance company or agent of an insurance company who knowingly provides false, incomplete, or misleading facts or information to a policyholder or claimant for the purpose of defrauding or attempting to defraud the policyholder or claimant with regard to a settlement or award payable from insurance proceeds shall be reported to the Colorado Division of Insurance within the Department of Regulatory Agencies.

District of Columbia: WARNING: It is a crime to provide false or misleading information to an insurer for the purpose of defrauding the insurer or any other person. Penalties include imprisonment and/or fines. In addition, an insurer may deny insurance benefits if false information materially related to a claim was provided by the applicant.

Florida: Any person who knowingly and with intent to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurer files a statement of claim or an application containing any false, incomplete, or misleading information is guilty of a felony of the third degree.

Kentucky: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals, for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime.

Maryland: Any person who knowingly or willfully presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or who knowingly or willfully presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to fines and confinement in prison.

New Hampshire: Any person who, with a purpose to injure, defraud, or deceive any insurance company, files a statement of claim containing any false, incomplete or misleading information is subject to prosecution and punishment for insurance fraud, as provided in RSA 638:20.

New Jersey: Any person who knowingly files a statement of claim containing any false or misleading information is subject to criminal and civil penalties.

New Mexico: Any person who knowingly presents a false or fraudulent claim for payment of a loss or benefit or knowingly presents false information in an application for insurance is guilty of a crime and may be subject to civil fines and criminal penalties.

New York: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information, or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto, commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime, and shall also be subject to a civil penalty not to exceed five thousand dollars and the stated value of the claim for each such violation.

Pennsylvania: Any person who knowingly and with intent to defraud any insurance company or other person files an application for insurance or statement of claim containing any materially false information or conceals for the purpose of misleading, information concerning any fact material thereto commits a fraudulent insurance act, which is a crime and subjects such person to criminal and civil penalties.

Puerto Rico: Any person who, knowingly and with the intent to defraud, presents false information in an insurance request form, or who presents, helps or has presented a fraudulent claim for the payment of a loss or other benefit, or presents more than one claim for the same damage or loss, will incur a felony, and upon conviction will be penalized for each violation with a fine no less than five thousand (5,000) dollars nor more than ten thousand (10,000) dollars, or imprisonment for a fixed term of three (3) years, or both penalties. If aggravated circumstances prevail, the fixed established imprisonment may be increased to a maximum of five (5) years; if attenuating circumstances prevail, it may be reduced to a minimum of two (2) years.

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